Judgment No. HB 47/10 Case No. HCB 93/10

**MORRIS DUWA** 

**VERSUS** 

THE STATE

IN THE HIGH COURT OF ZIMBABWE CHEDA J BULAWAYO 17 JUNE 2010 AND 15 JULY 2010

Mr. M Dube for applicant

Mr K. Ndlovu for respondent

**Bail Application** 

**CHEDA J:** This is an application for bail pending trial.

Applicant is facing a charge of rape. The brief background of this case is that, it is alleged that on the 14<sup>th</sup> March 2010 accused raped a 15 year old girl near Magwegwe Secondary School in Bulawayo. The alleged offence was committed while he was on bail for a similar offence..

Our courts' approach on applications for bail pending trial is that suspects should be granted bail as a general rule on the basis of the principle of the presumption of innocence until proven guilty by a competent court. It is on that principle that our courts invariably lean in favour of the granting of bail unless there are compelling reasons against such granting.

Bail should be granted as a safeguard to ensure that a suspect should have his day in court as this is his constitutional right.

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However, even if he will ultimately have his day in court, bail may be denied if it is not in

the best interest of justice for him to await trial while out of custody.

A person who when on bail commits a similar offence, in my opinion should not be

easily granted bail as his actions would have demonstrated a brazen contempt of the courts

that previously granted him bail. Such a person regardless of the allegations alone, without

more, is not a suitable candidate for bail, as to release him will not be in the best interest of

both justice and the society he lives in. Some of the inherent requirements for where a suspect

is released on bail is the undertaking that he will not abscond, interfere with state witnesses

and most importantly that he will not commit similar offences. Where a suspect is granted bail

on the believe that he will not commit a similar offence, but, goes ahead to, thereby breaching

that undertaking, should not be granted bail as he would have betrayed the judicial trust

bestowed on him. While he is still facing an allegation only, in my view, the court should not

ignore the fact that he would have been sailing too close to the wind which he should not have

been doing under those circumstances.

In casu, applicant has abused his right to bail and as such I find no compelling reason to

accord him that chance again.

For the above reasons this application is dismissed.

Cheda J.....

Cheda and Partners, applicant's legal practitioners

Criminal Division Attorney General's Office, respondent's legal practitioners

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